§ 1639.4

§ 1639.4 Permissible representation of eligible clients.

Recipients may represent an individual eligible client who is seeking specific relief from a welfare agency.

[62 FR 30766, June 5, 1997, as amended at 67 FR 19343, Apr. 19, 2002]

§ 1639.5 Exceptions for public rulemaking and responding to requests with non-LSC funds.

Consistent with the provisions of 45 CFR 1612.6 (a) through (e), recipients may use non-LSC funds to comment in a public rulemaking proceeding or respond to a written request for information or testimony from a Federal, State or local agency, legislative body, or committee, or a member thereof, regarding an effort to reform a Federal or State welfare system.

§ 1639.6 Recipient policies and procedures.

Each recipient shall adopt written policies and procedures to guide its staff in complying with this part.

PART 1640—APPLICATION OF FEDERAL LAW TO LSC RECIPIENTS

Sec.

1640.1 Purpose.

1640.2 Definitions.

1640.3 Contractual agreement.

1640.4 Violation of agreement.

AUTHORITY: Sec. 504(a)(19), Pub. L. 104-208, 110 Stat. 3009; Pub. L. 104-134, 110 Stat. 1321.

Source: 62 FR 19426, Apr. 21, 1997, unless otherwise noted.

§1640.1 Purpose.

The purpose of this part is to ensure that recipients use their LSC funds in accordance with Federal law related to the proper use of Federal funds. This part also identifies the Federal laws which apply, and it provides notice of the consequences to a recipient of a violation of such Federal laws by a recipient, its employees or board members.

§ 1640.2 Definitions.

- (a)(1) Federal law relating to the proper use of Federal funds means:
- (i) 18 U.S.C. 201(Bribery of Public Officials and Witnesses);

- (ii) 18 U.S.C. 286 (Conspiracy to Defraud the Government With Respect to Claims):
- (iii) 18 U.S.C. 287 (False, Fictitious or Fraudulent Claims);
- (iv) 18 U.S.C. 371 (Conspiracy to Commit Offense or Defraud the United States):
- (v) 18 U.S.C. 641 (Public Money, Property or Records);
- (vi) 18 U.S.C. 1001 (Statements or Entries Generally);
- (vii) 18 U.S.C. 1002 (Possession of False Papers to Defraud the United States):
- (viii) 18 U.S.C. 1516 (Obstruction of Federal Audit);
 - (ix) 31 U.S.C. 3729 (False Claims);
- (x) 31 U.S.C. 3730 (Civil Actions for False Claims), except that actions that are authorized by 31 U.S.C. 3730(b) to be brought by persons may not be brought against the Corporation, any recipient, subrecipient, grantee, or contractor of the Corporation, or any employee thereof:
- (xi) 31 U.S.C. 3731 (False Claims Procedure);
- (xii) 31 U.S.C. 3732 (False Claims Jurisdiction); and
- (xiii) 31 U.S.C. 3733 (Civil Investigative Demands).
- (2) For the purposes of the laws listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, LSC shall be considered a Federal agency and a recipient's LSC funds shall be considered to be Federal funds provided by grant or contract.
 - (b) A violation of the agreement means:
- (1) That the recipient has been convicted of, or judgment has been entered against the recipient for, a violation of any of the laws listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section, with respect to its LSC grant or contract, by the court having jurisdiction of the matter, and any appeals of the conviction or judgment have been exhausted or the time for the appeal has expired; or
- (2) An employee or board member of the recipient has been convicted of, or judgment has been entered against the employee or board member for, a violation of any of the laws listed in paragraph (a)(1) of this section with respect to a recipient's grant or contract with LSC by the court having jurisdiction of